



अनंतिम टेस्ट गाइड

टीईसी ८५१११:२०२१

(सं: जीआर/ओएफसी-१४/०१. अगस्त-२००५ को अधिक्रमित करता है)

PROVISIONAL TEST GUIDE

TEC 85111:2021

(Supersedes No.: GR/OFC -14/01. AUG 2005)

**फ्लेक्सिबल ऑप्टिकल फाइबर केबल
(आंतरिक अनुप्रयोग के लिये)**

**FLEXIBLE OPTICAL FIBRE CABLE
(FOR INDOOR APPLICATIONS)**

**मानक संख्या : टीईसी ८५११०:२०२१
(STANDARD No.: TEC 85110:2021)**



ISO 9001:2015

दूरसंचार अभियांत्रिकी केंद्र

खुरशीदलालभवन, जनपथ, नई दिल्ली-११०००१, भारत

TELECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERING CENTRE

KHURSHIDLAL BHAWAN, JANPATH, NEW DELHI-110001, INDIA

www.tec.gov.in

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FOREWORD

Telecommunication Engineering Centre (TEC) is the technical arm of Department of Telecommunications (DOT), Government of India. Its activities include:

- Framing of TEC Standards for Generic Requirements for a Product/Equipment, Standards for Interface Requirements for a Product/Equipment, Standards for Service Requirements & Standard document of TEC for Telecom Products and Services
- Formulation of Essential Requirements (ERs) under Mandatory Testing and Certification of Telecom Equipment (MTCTE)
- Field evaluation of Telecom Products and Systems
- Designation of Conformity Assessment Bodies (CABs)/Testing facilities
- Testing & Certification of Telecom products
- Adoption of Standards
- Support to DoT on technical/technology issues

For the purpose of testing, four Regional Telecom Engineering Centers (RTECs) have been established which are located at New Delhi, Bangalore, Mumbai, and Kolkata.

ABSTRACT

This Test Guide of testing pertains to Flexible Optical Fibre cable (Type-A & Type-B) for indoor applications. Type-A is a Flexible cable with 2 fibres whereas Type-B is Flexible cable with 4, 6, 8 & 12 fibres. The tight buffered fibres are used in both of these cables which provides ease of termination. These cables are suitable for interconnecting/drop/distribution cabling purpose within the high rise building including intra-building back bone connecting individual flats on a floor and shall have an excellent flexibility required for routing through various turns/curves ensuring fast and easy installation. The optical fibre cable is suitably protected with yellow colour LSZH (Low smoke zero Halogen) sheath.

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A. HISTORY SHEET

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>Standard / document No.</i>	<i>Title</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
1.	TSTP/GR/OFC - 14/01. AUG 2005	Test Schedule and Test Procedure for Flexible Optical Fibre Cable (For Indoor applications)	1 st Release
2.	TEC 85111:2021	Test Guide for Standard for Generic Requirements for Flexible Optical Fibre Cable (For Indoor applications)	2 nd Release

B. INTRODUCTION

This document enumerates detailed test schedule and procedure for evaluating conformance / functionality / requirements / performance of Standard for Generic Requirements of Flexible Optical Fibre Cable (For Indoor applications) as per TEC Standard No. 85110:2021.

C. General information:

SN.	General Information	Details (to be filled by testing team)	
1	Name and Address of the Applicant		
2	Date of Registration		
3	Name and No. of GR/IR/Applicant's Spec. against which the approval sought		
4	Details of Equipment		
	Type of Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.
(i)			
(ii)			
5	Any other relevant Information:-		

D. Testing team: (to be filled by testing team)

S. N.	Name	Designation	Organization	Signature
1.				
2.				

E. List of the Test Instruments:

S.N.	Name of the test instrument	Make /Model (to be filled by testing team)	Validity of calibration (to be filled by testing team)
1	Optical Time Domain Reflector		dd/mm/yyyy
2	Optical Fibre Precision Cleaver		
3	Optical Fibre Stripper		
4	Mechanical splice		
5	Fibre Geometry Analyser		
6	ODA		
7	Micrometer		

F. Equipment Configuration Offered: (to be filled by testing team)

(a) <Equipment/product name> Configuration:

S.N.	Item	Details	Remarks

Relevant information like No. of cards, ports, slots, interfaces, size etc. may be filled as applicable for the product

(b) <Other equipment name> Configuration:

S. No.	Item	Details	Remarks

Relevant information like No. of cards, ports, slots, interfaces, size etc. may be filled as applicable for the product

G. Equipment/System Manuals: (to be filled by testing team)

Availability of Maintenance manuals, Installation manual, Repair manual & User Manual etc. (Y/N)

H. Clause-wise Test Type and Test No.:

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
1.0	<p>Introduction:</p> <p>This document describes the standard for generic requirements of Flexible Optical Fibre cable (Type-A & Type-B) for indoor applications. Type-A is Duplex Flexible cable whereas Type-B is Flexible cable with 4, 6, 8 & 12 nos. of fibres. The tight buffered fibres shall be used in both of these cables which provides ease of termination. These cable are suitable for interconnecting/drop/ distribution cabling purpose within the high rise building including intra-building back bone connecting individual flats on a floor and shall have an excellent flexibility required for routing through various turns/curves ensuring fast and easy installation. The optical fibre cable shall be suitably protected with yellow colour LSZH (Low smoke zero Halogen) sheath. The Raw material used in the cable shall meet the requirements of the GR for Raw materials (GR No. TEC/GR/TX/ORM-001/05/DEC-17 (or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any.)</p> <p>The document has been revised to update all the fibre parameters as per</p>	<p>Manufacturer compliance shall be checked and examined.</p>

	latest GR of Raw Material for manufacturing Optical fibre cable (Section-I of GR No. TEC/GR/TX/ORM-001/05/DEC-17 with Amendment No. 1 dated 06.07.2020). In the revised document, Fire Tests have been added under Safety requirements to increase human safety level in the event of fire in building escape routes and general installations in the event of fire.	
2.0	Functional Requirements:	
2.1	The tight buffering of the fibres shall be done with LSZH and shall not get bonded with the outer sheath of LSZH material.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment. The design shall also be checked.
2.2	The design and construction of Flexible optical fibre cable shall be inherently robust and rigid under all conditions of installation, operation, adjustment, replacement, storage and transport.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment. The design shall also be checked.
2.3	It shall be possible to operate and handle the Flexible optical fibre cable with tools as per GR No. G/OFT-01/03. APR 2006 (or latest release) and subsequent amendment, if any. If any special tool is required for operating and handling the optical fibre cable, the same shall be provided along with the cable.	The cable shall be checked by operating with the tools as prescribed in the GR No. GR/OFT-01/03. APR 2006 and observation to be noted.
2.4	The Flexible optical fibre cable shall be suitable and compatible with the dimensions, fixing, terminating and	Compatibility of the optical fibre cable with all applicable optical accessories shall be checked and

	splicing arrangement of the Optical fibre termination and distribution box as per GR No. TEC/GR/TX/FTB-01/03/MAY-2010 (or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any.	observation to be noted. The cable supplied shall be terminated in the FDMS, Splice closure, Fibre Termination and distribution boxes with splitters for conforming its suitability of the arrangements with the cable.
2.5	The Flexible optical fibre cable shall be flame retardant and shall meet the requirements of fire test as per IEC 60332.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
2.6	The cable shall be able to work in saline atmosphere in coastal areas and should be protected against corrosion.	Test certificate or undertaking may be obtained as per the requirement of the clause.
2.7	<p>Life of cable shall be minimum 25 years. Necessary statistical calculations shall be submitted by the manufacturer, based upon life of the fibre and other component parts of the cable. The cable shall meet the cable aging test requirement.</p> <p>Note: Each Raw Material manufacturer shall define the life and lifetime calculation of the individual raw material.</p>	The calculation for life of cable shall be checked & observations are to be noted.
2.8	The manufacturer shall submit an undertaking that the optical and mechanical fibre characteristics shall not change during the lifetime of the cable against the manufacturing defects.	Test certificate or undertaking may be obtained as per the requirement of the clause

3.0	Technical Requirements: Single Mode Optical Fibre, used in manufacturing this Fibre Cable shall be as per ITU-T Rec. G.657.A1 or G.657.A2 or G.657.B3. The specification of optical fibres are mentioned below:	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
3.1	Type of fibre (Wavelength band optimized nominal 1310 nm): Single mode (As per Section I of the GR No. TEC/GR/TX/ORM-001/05/DEC-17 (or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any)	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
3.2	Geometrical Characteristics As per Section I of the GR No. TEC/GR/TX/ORM-001/05/DEC-17 (or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any. (All the parametric values shall be as per latest Standard for GR of Raw Material for manufacturing Optical fibre cable)	Check as per the requirement of the clause and comment.
3.2.1	Nominal MFD at 1310nm $[8.8 - 9.2] \pm 0.4 \mu\text{m}$ (A1 fibre) $[8.6 - 9.2] \pm 0.4 \mu\text{m}$ (A2 fibre) $8.6 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.4 \mu\text{m}$ (B3 fibre)	Check and note down the observation in Table below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.2	Nominal Cladding Diameter: 125 $\mu\text{m} \pm 0.7\mu\text{m}$	Check and note down the observation in Table below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.3	Cladding Non-circularity : $\leq 0.8 \%$	Check and note down the

		<p>observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.3	Cladding Non-circularity : \leq 0.8 %	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.4	Core Clad concentricity error : $\leq 0.5 \mu\text{m}$	Check and note down the observation in Table below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.5	Diameter over primary coated with double UV cured acrylate (This shall be measured on un-colored fibre) a) 250 μm fibre: $242 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$ (A1 & A2 fibre)	Check and note down the observation in Table below:

	<p>: $242 \pm 7 \mu\text{m}$ (B3 fibre)</p> <p>b) $200 \mu\text{m}$ fibre (A1 & A2 fibre): $180 - 210 \mu\text{m}$</p> <p>Note: The thickness of colour coating may be over and above the values specified above, if the manufacturer adopts separate UV cured colouring process (to colour the un-coloured fibres) other than the on line integrated colouring process (of secondary layer of primary coating) of the fibres, during fibre manufacturing.</p>	<p>Note :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.6	<p>Colored fibre coating diameter</p> <p>a) $250 \mu\text{m}$ fibre: $252 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$</p> <p>b) $200 \mu\text{m}$ fibre (A1 & A2 fibre): $180 - 220 \mu\text{m}$</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.7	Coating / Cladding Concentricity a) 250 μm fibre: $\leq 12 \mu\text{m}$ b) 200 μm fibre (A1 & A2 fibre): $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$	Check and note down the observation in Table below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.8	Primary coating material : UV Acrylate	Check and comment.

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.9	Secondary coating Diameter: 900 $\mu\text{m} \pm 5\%$ Note: The natural fibre can be color coated with colored LSZH.	Check and note down the observation in Table below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.2.10	Secondary coating material and colouring as per requirement : LSZH (Low Smoke Zero Halogen)	Check and comment.

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *																														
3.3	<p>Transmission Characteristics:</p> <p>As per Section I of the GR No. TEC/GR/TX/ORM-001/05/DEC-17 (or latest release) and subsequent amendments, if any.</p> <p>(All the parametric values shall be as per latest Standard for GR of Raw Material for manufacturing optical fibre cable)</p>																															
3.3.1	<p>Attenuation:</p> <p>a. Fibre attenuation before Cabling</p> <table><tr><th>SN</th><th>Parameter</th><th>A1 Fibre</th><th>A2 Fibre</th><th>B3 Fibre</th></tr><tr><td>i</td><td>At 1270 nm</td><td>≤ 0.40 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.40 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.40 dB/Km</td></tr><tr><td>ii</td><td>At 1310 nm</td><td>≤ 0.34 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.35 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.35 dB/Km</td></tr><tr><td>iii</td><td>Between 1285 to 1360 nm</td><td>≤ 0.37 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.38 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.38 dB/Km</td></tr><tr><td>iv</td><td>Between 1360 – 1480nm</td><td>≤ 0.34 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.35 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.35 dB/Km</td></tr><tr><td>v</td><td>At 1490 nm</td><td>≤ 0.24 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.24 dB/Km</td><td>≤ 0.24 dB/Km</td></tr></table>	SN	Parameter	A1 Fibre	A2 Fibre	B3 Fibre	i	At 1270 nm	≤ 0.40 dB/Km	≤ 0.40 dB/Km	≤ 0.40 dB/Km	ii	At 1310 nm	≤ 0.34 dB/Km	≤ 0.35 dB/Km	≤ 0.35 dB/Km	iii	Between 1285 to 1360 nm	≤ 0.37 dB/Km	≤ 0.38 dB/Km	≤ 0.38 dB/Km	iv	Between 1360 – 1480nm	≤ 0.34 dB/Km	≤ 0.35 dB/Km	≤ 0.35 dB/Km	v	At 1490 nm	≤ 0.24 dB/Km	≤ 0.24 dB/Km	≤ 0.24 dB/Km	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <p>1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable.</p> <p>2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.</p>
SN	Parameter	A1 Fibre	A2 Fibre	B3 Fibre																												
i	At 1270 nm	≤ 0.40 dB/Km	≤ 0.40 dB/Km	≤ 0.40 dB/Km																												
ii	At 1310 nm	≤ 0.34 dB/Km	≤ 0.35 dB/Km	≤ 0.35 dB/Km																												
iii	Between 1285 to 1360 nm	≤ 0.37 dB/Km	≤ 0.38 dB/Km	≤ 0.38 dB/Km																												
iv	Between 1360 – 1480nm	≤ 0.34 dB/Km	≤ 0.35 dB/Km	≤ 0.35 dB/Km																												
v	At 1490 nm	≤ 0.24 dB/Km	≤ 0.24 dB/Km	≤ 0.24 dB/Km																												

	vi	Between 1480 to 1525 nm	≤ 0.34 dB/Km	≤ 0.34 dB/Km	≤ 0.35 dB/Km
	vii	At 1550 nm	≤ 0.20 dB/Km	≤ 0.21 dB/Km	≤ 0.22 dB/Km
	viii	Between 1525 to 1625 nm	≤ 0.24 dB/Km	≤ 0.24 dB/Km	≤ 0.24 dB/Km
	ix	At 1625 nm	≤ 0.23 dB/Km	≤ 0.23 dB/Km	≤ 0.24 dB/Km

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value								Observati on / Remarks
	1270 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1490 nm	1625 nm	S. Attenuation (nm)			
						1285- 1380	1390- 1525	1525 - 1625	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.3.1	b) Fibre attenuation after Cabling	Check and note down the

	SN	Para meter	A1 Fibre	A2 Fibre	B3 Fibre	<p>observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <p>1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable.</p> <p>2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.</p>
	i	At 1310 nm	≤ 0.36 dB/Km	≤ 0.37 dB/Km	≤ 0.37 dB/Km	
	ii	At 1383 nm	\leq attenuatio n at 1310 nm	\leq attenuatio n at 1310 nm	\leq attenuatio n at 1310 nm	
	iii	At 1490 nm	≤ 0.26 dB/Km	≤ 0.26 dB/Km	≤ 0.26 dB/Km	
	iv	At 1550 nm	≤ 0.22 dB/Km	≤ 0.23 dB/Km	≤ 0.24 dB/Km	
	v	At 1625 nm	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	≤ 0.25 dB/Km	≤ 0.26 dB/Km	
<p>Note:</p> <p>1. Attenuation in the band 1380-1390 nm shall be checked at every 2 nm after Hydrogen aging as per IEC 60793-2-50. Hydrogen aging test is to be carried out by CACT, Bangalore or any other govt. recognized laboratory for type test.</p> <p>2. Sudden irregularity in attenuation shall be less than 0.1 dB</p> <p>3. The spectral attenuation shall be measured on un-cabled fibre in the 1250 nm–1625 nm band at</p>						

	an interval of 10nm and the test results shall be submitted.	
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value				Observation / Remarks
	1310 nm	1550 nm	1490nm	1625 nm	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.3.2	<p>Dispersion:</p> <p>a) Total Dispersion</p> <p>i) In 1285-1330 nm band: ≤ 3.5 ps/nm.km</p> <p>ii) In 1270-1340 nm band : ≤ 5.3 ps/nm. Km</p> <p>iii) At 1550 nm : ≤ 18.0 ps/nm. Km</p> <p>iv) At 1625 nm : < 22.0 ps/nm.Km</p> <p>Note: The dispersion in the 1250 nm–1625 nm band shall be measured at an interval of 10nm and the test results shall be submitted.</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <p>1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable.</p> <p>2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.</p>

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value				Remarks
	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *					
3.3.2	b) Polarization mode dispersion	Check and note down the observation in Table below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum					
	<table><tr><th>S</th><th>Parameter</th><th>A1 Fibre</th><th>A2 Fibre</th><th>B3 Fibre</th></tr></table>		S	Parameter	A1 Fibre	A2 Fibre	B3 Fibre
	S		Parameter	A1 Fibre	A2 Fibre	B3 Fibre	
	i		Un-cabled Fibre	≤ 0.15 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{Km}}$	≤ 0.2 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{Km}}$	≤ 0.2 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{Km}}$	
	ii		Cabled Fibre	≤ 0.3 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{Km}}$	≤ 0.3 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{Km}}$	≤ 0.3 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{Km}}$	
iii	Link design value for un-cabled fibre	≤ 0.06 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{Km}}$	≤ 0.06 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{Km}}$	≤ 0.06 ps/ $\sqrt{\text{Km}}$			
	Note: Measurement on un-cabled fibre may be used to generate cabled fiber statistics and correlation is established.						

		values of the fibre.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Measured Value			Observation / Remarks
		(i)	(ii)	(iii)	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.3.2	c) Zero Dispersion Slope : ≤ 0.092 ps/(nm ² Km)	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks
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Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.3.2	d) Zero dispersion wave length range: 1300 -1324 nm (A1 & A2 fibre) 1300 -1350 nm (B3 fibre)	Check and note down the observation in Table below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.3.3	<p>Cable cut off wavelength : 1260 nm Max.</p> <p>Note - The above cut off wavelength is w.r.t. 22M sample length of fibre.</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.4	<p>Mechanical Characteristics:</p> <p>All the parametric values shall be as per latest Standard for GR of Raw Material for manufacturing optical fibre cable)</p>	
3.4.1	<p>Proof test for minimum strain level : 1% (Test method IEC-60793-1-30)</p>	<p>Test certificate from the fibre manufacturer shall</p>

		be checked and accepted.
3.4.2	<p>Strippability force to remove primary coating of the Un-aged and Aged fibre (Water aged and Damp heat aged): (Test method IEC- 60793 - 1 - 32)</p> <p>a) 250 μm fibre</p> <p>i) Peak strip force: $1 \leq N \leq 8.9\text{N}$</p> <p>ii) Average strip force: $1 \leq N \leq 5\text{N}$</p> <p>b) 200 μm fibre (A1 & A2 fibre)</p> <p>i) Peak strip force: $0.4 \leq N \leq 8.9\text{N}$</p> <p>ii) Average strip force: $0.4 \leq N \leq 5\text{N}$</p> <p>Note :</p> <p>1. The force required to remove $30 \text{ mm} \pm 3 \text{ mm}$ of the fibre coating shall not exceed 8.9 N and shall not be less than 1 N for 250 μm fibre and 0.4 N for 200 μm fibre.</p> <p>2. The secondary coated fibre shall be easily strippable so that primary and secondary coating can be removed separately.</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <p>1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable.</p> <p>2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.</p>

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value			Remarks
	Unaged	Aged		
		Water aged	Damp heat aged	

3.4.3	<p>Dynamic Tensile Strength (Test method IEC- 60793-1-31)</p> <p>a) Un-aged : ≥ 550 KPSI (3.80 Gpa)</p> <p>b) Aged (Damp heat aged) : ≥ 440 KPSI (3.00 Gpa)</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value		Remarks
	(a)	(b)	

3.4.4	<p>Dynamic Fatigue (Test method IEC- 60793 - I - 33)</p> <p>a)Un-aged: ≥ 20</p> <p>b) Aged (Damp heat aged): ≥ 20</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value		Remarks
	(a)	(b)	

3.4.5	Fibre Curl (Test method IEC- 60793 – 1- 34) : ≥ 4 Meter radius of Curvature	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

3.4.6 Fibre Macro bend:

(Test method FOTP-62/ IEC- 60793-1-47)

SN	Parameter	A1 Fibre	A2 Fibre	B3 Fibre
a)	Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 10 turns on 15mm radius mandrel	≤ 0.25 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 1.0 dB at 1625 nm	≤ 0.03 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 0.1 dB at 1625 nm	NA
b)	Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 1 turn around 10mm radius mandrel	≤ 0.75 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 1.5 dB at 1625 nm	≤ 0.1 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 0.2 dB at 1625 nm	≤ 0.03 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 0.1 dB at 1625 nm
c)	Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 1 turn on 7.5mm radius mandrel	NA	≤ 0.5 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 1.0 dB at 1625 nm	≤ 0.08 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 0.25 dB at 1625 nm
d)	Change in attenuation when fiber is coiled with 1 turn on 5 mm radius mandrel	NA	NA	≤ 0.15 dB at 1550 nm ≤ 0.45 dB at 1625 nm

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value								Remarks
	(a)		(b)		(c)		(d)		
	1550 nm	1625 nm	1550 nm	1625 nm	1550 nm	1625 nm	1550 nm	1625 nm	

3.5	Material Properties: (As per latest Standard for GR of Raw Material for manufacturing optical fibre cable)	
3.5.1	Fibre Materials: a) The substances of which the fibres are made: To be indicated by the manufacturer b) Protective material requirement: i) The physical and chemical properties: It shall meet the of the material used for the fibre primary requirement of fibre coating and for single jacket fibre. coating stripping force as per clause No. 3.4.2 ii) The best way of removing protective: To be indicated by the coating material. Manufacturer c) Group refractive Index of fibre: To be indicated by the manufacturer Note: The manufacturer shall indicate the variation in group refractive index of fibre during bulk production.	Check and record the information as supplied by the manufacturer

3.6	Environmental Characteristic of Fibre (Type test): (As per latest Standard for GR of Raw Material for manufacturing optical fibre cable)	
3.6.1	Operating Temperature (Test Method IEC- 60793 – 1 - 52) Temperature Dependence of Attenuation : - 60° C to +85° C Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm at -60°C to +85°C : ≤ 0.05 dB/km	Check and note down the observation in Table below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

3.6.2	Temperature – Humidity Cycling (Test method IEC- 60793 – 1 – 51) Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm at - 10° C : ≤ 0.05 dB/km to +85° C and 95% relative humidity.	Check and note down the observation in Table below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable.
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		2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

3.6.3	<p>Water Immersion 23°C</p> <p>(Test method IEC- 60793 – 1 – 5</p> <p>Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm due to Water Immersion at $23 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$: ≤ 0.05 dB/km</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <p>1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable.</p> <p>2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.</p>
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

3.6.4	<p>Accelerated Aging (Temperature) 85°C</p> <p>(Test method IEC- 60793 – 1 – 51)</p> <p>Induced Attenuation at 1550 nm due to temperature Aging at $85 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$: $\leq 0.05\text{dB/km}$</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

3.6.5	<p>Retention of Coating Color</p> <p>(Test method IEC- 60793–1–51)</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table</p>
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	Coated Fiber shall show no discernible: 30 days at 85°C change in color, when aged for and 95% Humidity relative humidity and then 20 days in dry heat at 85°C.	below: Note : 1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable. 2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

3.6.6	<p>High Temperature and High Humidity (Damp Heat)</p> <p>(Test Method IEC 60793-2-50)</p> <p>Induced attenuation at 1550nm & 1625nm at 85°C and 85% Relative Humidity for 30 days: $\leq 0.05\text{dB/km}$</p>	<p>Check and note down the observation in Table below:</p> <p>Note :</p> <p>1. Please state the type & number of fibres in the cable.</p> <p>2. The manufacturer shall specify with the maximum and minimum values of the fibre.</p>
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube & Fibre	Measured Value	Remarks

3.7	Colour Qualification and Primary Coating Test: All the parametric values shall be as per latest Standard for GR of Raw Material for manufacturing optical fibre cable	
3.7.1	Colour Qualification Test: a) MEK Rub Test (Methyle Ethyl Ketone Test): To be tested by using soaked (Solvent) tissue paper for ten strokes unidirectional on 10 cm length of fibre. No colour traces shall be observed on the tissue paper after testing.	Check as per the procedure and comment.
	b) Water immersion Test (Type Test): To be tested for coloured fibre for 30 days. After the test Colour qualification, attenuation measurement & stripability test are to be taken.	Check as per the procedure and comment
3.7.2	Primary coating Test (Type Test):	Check as per the procedure and comment.

	<p>a) Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR) Test:</p> <p>To be tested to check the curing level of coating on the surface of natural fibre. The curing level shall be better than 90%.</p>	
	<p>b) Adhesion Test:</p> <p>To be tested by using soaked (Solvent) tissue paper for ten strokes unidirectional on 10 cm length of fibre. No coating shall be observed on the tissue paper after testing.</p>	Check as per the procedure and comment.

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.8	<p>Flexible (Duplex) Optical Fibre Cable Construction Specifications (Type-A):</p> <p>The manufacturer shall submit designed calculation and the same shall be examined and checked.</p>	Check and examine design calculation & comment.
3.8.1	Number of fibres: 2 Fibres	Check and comment
3.8.2	<p>Secondary Protection :</p> <p>The primary coated fibres shall be colour coated and tight buffered with LSZH. The colour of fibres shall be Blue & Orange.</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.

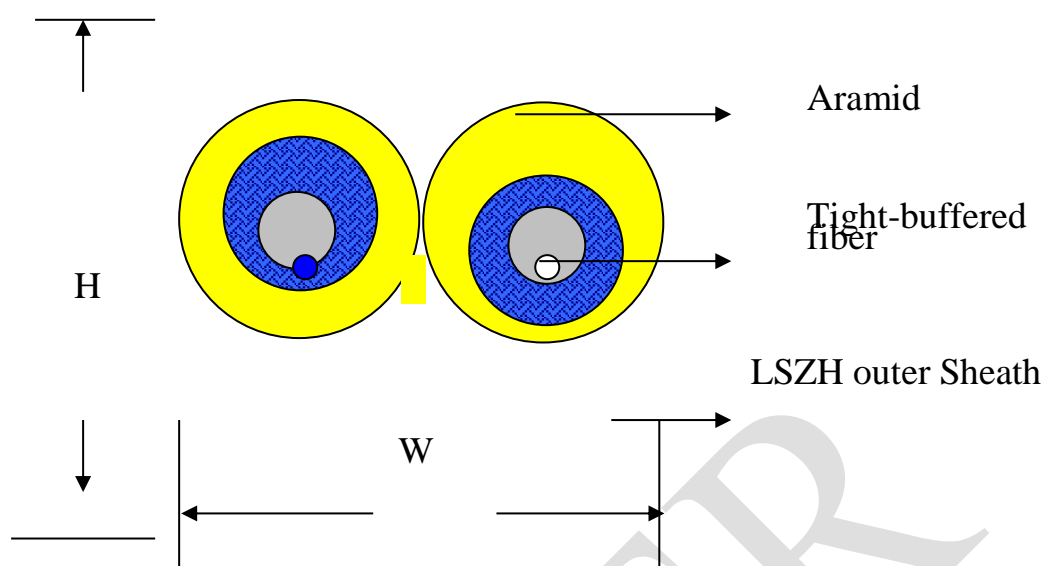


Fig.1 : Construction diagram of Flexible (Duplex) Optical Fibre Cable (Type A)

3.8.3	Fibre Reinforcement : The tight buffered fibre shall be covered with Aramid Yarn Reinforcement which shall be distributed evenly over the entire periphery. The quantity of the fiber reinforcement material (Aramid yarn reinforcement), used per Km length, shall be as per Annexure- I. The Aramid Yarn shall be as per Section XVII (17.1) of the GR No. TEC/GR/TX/ORM-001/05/DEC-17 (or latest release) and the subsequent amendments, if any.	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
3.8.4	Outer Sheath : A sheath of LSZH (low smoke zero halogen) yellow in colour, free from pinholes and scratches and other defects etc. shall be provided.	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
3.8.5	Cable Dimensions :	Check as per the requirement of the clause &

	Fiber Count	Dimensions in mm			comment.
		Width	Height	Thickness	
		02 F	5.8 ± 0.3	2.8 ± 0.2	≥ 0.5
3.8.6	Cable Weight : The nominal cable weight shall be defined by the manufacturer.				Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
3.9	Flexible Optical Fibre Cable Construction Specifications (Type-B): The manufacturer shall submit designed calculation and the same shall be examined and checked.				Check and examine design calculation & comment.
3.9.1	Number of fibres : 4, 6, 8 & 12 Fibres				Check and comment
3.9.2	Secondary Protection : The primary coated fibres shall be colour coated and tight buffered with LSZH.				Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.

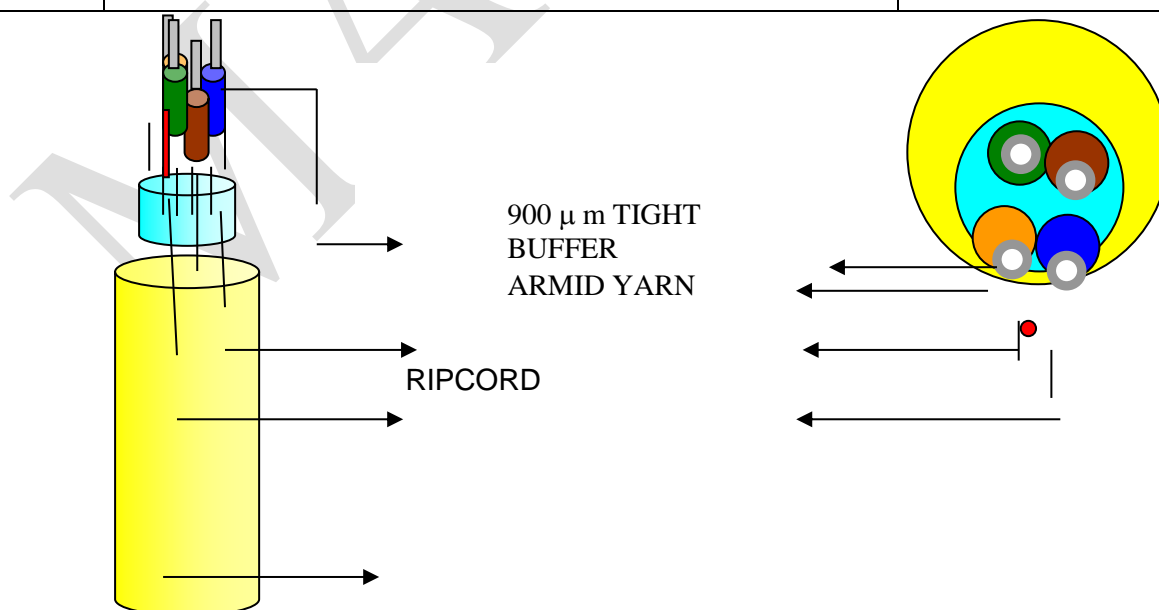


Fig. 2: Construction Diagram Flexible Indoor Optical Fibre Cable (Type-B)

3.9.3	<p>The tight buffered fibre shall be covered with Aramid Yarn Reinforcement which shall be distributed evenly over the entire periphery. The quantity of the fiber reinforcement material (Aramid yarn reinforcement), used per Km length, shall be as per Annexure- A. The Aramid Yarn shall be as per Section XVII (17.1) of the GR No. TEC/GR/TX/ORM-001/05/DEC-17 (or latest release) and the subsequent amendments, if any.</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
3.9.4	<p>Outer Sheath :</p> <p>A circular sheath, yellow in colour, of LSZH (low smoke zero halogen), free from pinholes and scratches and other defects etc., shall be provided.</p> <p>a) Outer sheath diameter for 4F, 6F, 8F, 12F : As per Annexure-A</p> <p>b) Thickness of sheath: 0.8 mm (Minimum)</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
3.9.5	<p>RIP Cord:</p> <p>Suitable rip cord (as per Section XVII of the GR No. TEC/GR/TX/ORM-001/05/DEC-17 (or latest release) and the subsequent amendments, if any) shall be provided in the cable which shall be used to open the sheath of the cable. It shall be capable of consistently slitting the sheath without breaking more than one meter length of outer sheath at the installation temperature.</p>	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
3.9.6	<p>Cable diameter :</p> <p>The finished cable diameter shall be as per Annexure-A.</p>	Check finished cable diameter as per Annexure-A & comment.

3.9.7	<p>Cable Weight:</p> <p>The nominal cable weight shall be as per Annexure-A.</p>	Check nominal cable weight as per Annexure-A & comment.
3.10	<p>Mechanical Characteristics and Tests on Optical Fibre Cable: The mechanical performance of the cable shall be in accordance with Bell core document GR-409 and shall meet the other requirements of the cable as per specifications. The procedures and method of testing are described briefly below.</p>	All observations are to be taken at 1310nm and 1550nm wavelengths)
3.10.1	<p>Tensile strength:</p> <p>Objective: The purpose of this test is to measure the behaviour of attenuation as a function of load on the cable.</p> <p>Method: IEC 60794-1-21-E1/ TIA-EIA-455-33</p> <p>Test Spec: The cable shall have sufficient strength to withstand a load value of T (N): 660 N for Flexible cable and 300 N for Duplex cable. The load shall be sustained for 10 minutes and the load shall not cause any permanent physical or optical damage to any component of the cable.</p> <p>Requirement: The change in attenuation shall be measured before and after the application of load and shall not be more than 0.1 dB at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.</p>	Check and note down the observations in Table below.

Test Results:

Length code _____

	<p>There shall not be any optical and physical damage to the cable components.</p> <p>Requirement: The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be ≤ 0.1 dB, at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.</p>	
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.10.3	Impact Resistance Test:	Check and note down the observations in

	<p>Objective: The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of the cable to withstand sudden impact on the cable surface.</p> <p>Method: IEC 60794-1-21-E4 / TIA-EIA 455-25A</p> <p>Test Spec: The impact energy of 0.5 J is applied on the surface of the cable under test. Such impacts are applied on to the cable. There shall not be any damage to the optical and physical components of the cable. Flatness on the cable due to impact shall not be considered as a physical damage.</p> <p>Requirement : The cable outer sheath shall be visually inspected for any splits or cracks. The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be $\leq 0.1\text{dB}$, at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.</p>	Table below.
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Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *														
3.10.4	<p>Cable Cyclic Flexing Test:</p> <p>Objective: The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of an optical fiber cable to with stand mechanical flexibility with out experiencing an increase in attenuation.</p> <p>Method: IEC 60794-1-21-E8 / TIA-EIA 455-104</p> <p>Test Specs: The cable under test shall be tested</p> <table><tr><td>Weight:</td><td>2.5 Kg</td></tr><tr><td>Minimum distance from Pulley centre to the holding device</td><td>216 mm</td></tr><tr><td>Minimum distance from Weight to Pulley centre</td><td>457 mm</td></tr><tr><td>Pulley diameter</td><td>20 D</td></tr><tr><td>Angle of turning</td><td>90°</td></tr><tr><td>No of cycles</td><td>25</td></tr><tr><td>Time required for 25 cycles</td><td>2 Min.</td></tr></table> <p>for the flexibility; the cable sample of 5 m or longer length shall be taken to permit the power measurement. The following set up shall be used for the test.</p> <p>Requirement : During the test there shall be no fiber break and no physical damage to the cable. The change</p>	Weight:	2.5 Kg	Minimum distance from Pulley centre to the holding device	216 mm	Minimum distance from Weight to Pulley centre	457 mm	Pulley diameter	20 D	Angle of turning	90°	No of cycles	25	Time required for 25 cycles	2 Min.	<p>Check and note down the observations in Table below.</p>
Weight:	2.5 Kg															
Minimum distance from Pulley centre to the holding device	216 mm															
Minimum distance from Weight to Pulley centre	457 mm															
Pulley diameter	20 D															
Angle of turning	90°															
No of cycles	25															
Time required for 25 cycles	2 Min.															

	in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be $\leq 0.1\text{dB}$, at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.	
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Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.10.5	<p>Torsion /Twist Test:</p> <p>Objective: The purpose of this test is to determine the cable withstanding the twist.</p> <p>Method: IEC 60794-1-21-E7 /TIA-EIA-455-85</p> <p>Test Specs: The cable length of 2 meter shall be subjected to twist of $\pm 180^\circ$ with tension on the cable of 25 N. The cycle comprises of twist of 180°clock wise and anti clockwise from the start position. 10 Such cycles shall be performed on the cable.</p> <p>Requirement :The twist shall not induce the attenuation and it shall be $\leq 0.1\text{dB}$, at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.</p>	Check and note down the observations in Table below.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *								
3.10.6	<p>Low and High Temperature Cable Bend Test:</p> <p>Objective: The purpose of this test is to determine the behaviour of cable attenuation when subjected to low and high temperature under bend condition.</p> <p>Test Method: IEC 60794-1-21-E11B / EIA-RS-455-37A</p> <p>Test Specs: The cable under test shall be wrapped to 4 turns on the 20 D diameter mandrel. The cable shall be tested at 0° and +70°C for 12 hours each.</p> <table><tr><td>Test Temperature</td><td>0° and +70°C</td></tr><tr><td>Mandrel Diameter</td><td>200 mm Diameter</td></tr><tr><td>No of Turns</td><td>04 Turns</td></tr><tr><td>Duration of Test</td><td>12 Hrs Each</td></tr></table> <p>Requirement : The cable shall not show any visible cracks or splits on the surface. The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be ≤ 0.1dB, at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.</p>	Test Temperature	0° and +70°C	Mandrel Diameter	200 mm Diameter	No of Turns	04 Turns	Duration of Test	12 Hrs Each	<p>Check and note down the observations in Table below.</p>
Test Temperature	0° and +70°C									
Mandrel Diameter	200 mm Diameter									
No of Turns	04 Turns									
Duration of Test	12 Hrs Each									

Test Results:

[illegible]

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.10.7	<p>Temperature Cycling:</p> <p>Objective: To determine the stability behaviour of the attenuation of a cable subjected to temperature changes, which may occur during storage, transportation and usage.</p> <p>Method IEC 60794-1-22-F1</p> <p>Température :TA1 - (-0 °C)</p> <p style="padding-left: 100px;">:TA2 -(-5°C)</p> <p style="padding-left: 100px;">:TB1 - (+60°C)</p>	<p>Check and note down the observations in Table below.</p>

	<p>:TB2 - (+70°C)</p> <p>Time (t1) : 12 Hrs.</p> <p>Rate of change of temp. : Approx.1 degree per minute</p> <p>Number of cycles : 2 (Two).</p> <p>Requirement : The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be ≤ 0.1dB, at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.</p>	
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Test Results:

A) Cable length code:

Temperature: Ambient

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

B) Cable length code:

Temperature: -5 °C

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

Test Results:

C) Cable length code:

Temperature: 0°C

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

D) Cable length code:

Temperature: + 70 °C

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

E) Cable length code:

Temperature: + 60 °C

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

F) Cable length code:

Temperature : Ambient

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.10.8	<p>Damp Heat test :</p> <p>Purpose : To check the effects on the cable for use and /or storage under conditions of high relative humidity at a constant temperature for a given period.</p> <p>Method : IEC 68-2-1</p> <p>a) Temperature : 40°C</p> <p>b) Relative Humidity : 93% to 95%</p> <p>c) Exposure time : 4 days.</p> <p>Requirement : The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be ≤ 0.1dB, at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.</p>	Check and note down the observations in Table below.

Test Results:

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.10.9	<p>Minimum Bending Radius of the cable:</p> <p>Method: IEC 60794-1-21-E11</p> <p>a) Loaded : 12.5 Dmm. (D is the diameter of the cable)</p> <p>b) Unloaded : 7.5 Dmm. (D is the diameter of the cable)</p> <p>Requirement : The cable shall not suffer any physical damage under the above conditions. The change in attenuation of the fibre after the test shall be ≤ 0.1dB, at both 1310 nm and 1550 nm wavelengths.</p>	Check and note down the observations in Table below.

Test Results:

a) Loaded : 12.5 D mm (D is the diameter of the cable)

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

b) Unloaded : 7.5 D mm (D is the diameter of the cable)

Colour of Loose tube	Colour of Fibre	Initial Reading		Final Reading		Change in Attenuation (dB)		Observation / Remarks
		1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	1310 nm	1550 nm	

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
3.10.10	Cable Marking : Objective: To check the durability of the cable marking. Test method : As per section -6 of GR-409-Core (Issue-2) Nov 2008 Test Procedure: A marked cable specimen shall be soaked in tap water at a temperature of $23 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for a period of 24 hours. The sample shall be then subjected to the marking durability test (To check the printing the sample shall be rubbed with a dry paper. There shall not be any change in the printing /marking).	Check and note down the observations in Table below.

Test Results:

Length Code No.	Observation	Remarks

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
4.0	Engineering Requirements:	
4.1	Cable Marking:	
4.1.2	Marking on Flexible optical fibre cable shall be of durable quality. It shall be marked at one meter intervals in black colour over the yellow outer sheath of the fibre and it shall be insoluble in water. The accuracy of the sequential marking must be within -0.25% to +0.5% of the actual measured length. The markings on the cable must not rub off during normal installation and in life time of optical fibre cable..	The method of imprinting (Indenting) and its quality must be checked as per the requirement of the GR and also the accuracy of the sequential marking shall be checked by standard measuring scale at three different places. It shall meet the requirement of clause.
4.1.2	<p>The type of legend marking on O.F. cable shall be as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Company Legend b) Legend containing telephone mark & international acceptable Laser symbol c) Type of cable i.e. Loose Tube d) Type of Fibre - G. 657 A1 e) Number of Fibres f) Year of manufacture g) Sequential length marking h) User's Identification i) Cable ID 	This shall be checked as per the requirement of clause.

4.2	Cable Ends: The cables shall be suitably packed in wooden bobbins for protection against damages during transit. Both inner and outer ends of the cable shall be accessible for testing.	The requirement of the clause shall be checked in detail and the observation to be noted.
4.3	Nominal Length of the Cable:	
4.3.1	Length of OF Cable in each wooden bobbin shall be $1\text{Km} \pm 5\%$ or $2\text{Km} \pm 5\%$ and shall be supplied as per the order.	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
4.3.2	The fibres in cable length shall not have any joint.	This shall be examined for each fibre and observations to be noted. A certificate/undertaking may be obtained for the bulk production.
4.3.3	The drum shall be marked with arrows to indicate the direction of rotation.	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.
4.3.4	Packing list supplied with each drum shall have at least the following information: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Drum No. Type of cables Physical Cable length No. of fibres Length of each fibre as measured by OTDR The Cable factor - ratio of fibre / cable length Attenuation per Km. of each fibre at 1310 	The packing list shall be checked as per the above requirement and observation to be noted.

	<p>& 1550 nm</p> <p>h. User's / Consignee's Name</p> <p>i. Manufacturer's Name, Month, Year and Batch No.</p> <p>j. Group refractive index of fibres</p> <p>k. Purchase Order No.</p> <p>l. Cable ID</p>															
4.4	Colour coding in the OF Cable:															
4.4.1	The colorant applied to individual fibres shall be readily identifiable throughout the life time of the cable and shall match and conform to the MUNSELL color standards (For EIA standard EIA-598C) and also IEC Publication 304 (4).	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment.														
4.4.2	<p>Colour Coding Scheme: Depending upon the number of fibres in the cable (which depends on the cable capacity), the color of the fibres are serially chosen from the column no. II of the table. One of the fibres in the cable shall be of natural color, while the rest of fibres are colored.</p> <p>Colour coding scheme</p> <table><tr><th>Fiber No. I</th><th>Tight buffered fibre identification II</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Blue</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Orange</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>Green</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>Brown</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>Slate</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>White</td></tr></table>	Fiber No. I	Tight buffered fibre identification II	1	Blue	2	Orange	3	Green	4	Brown	5	Slate	6	White	The colour coding identification method shall be checked & observation to be noted as per the requirement of the GR.
Fiber No. I	Tight buffered fibre identification II															
1	Blue															
2	Orange															
3	Green															
4	Brown															
5	Slate															
6	White															

	7	Red	
	8	Black	
	9	Yellow	
	10	Violet	
	11	Rose/Pink	
	12	Aqua/Natural	
5.0	Quality Requirements:		
5.1	The Flexible indoor optical fibre cable should be manufactured in accordance with International Quality Standards ISO 9001-2015 for which the manufacturer should be duly accredited. A quality manual describing the quality assurance system would be required to be submitted by the manufacturer at the time of approval.	Check as per the requirement of the clause and verify the validity of the ISO certificate.	
5.2	Raw Material:		
5.2.1	The cable shall use the raw materials approved against the TEC/GR/TX/ORM-001/05/DEC-17 (or latest release) and the subsequent amendment issued, if any.	The list of the Raw Material and its approval shall be checked.	
5.2.2	The material used other than approved material as above, shall be clearly indicated by the manufacturer. The detailed technical specifications of such raw materials used shall be furnished by the manufacturer at the time of approval testing	The details of material shall be taken & be checked.	
5.2.3	The Raw Materials used from multiple sources is permitted and the source / sources of Raw Materials (Type and grade) from where these have been procured shall be submitted by the manufacturer.	The details shall be obtained from the manufacturer & checked.	

5.2.4	The manufacturer can change the raw material from one approved source to other approved source with the approval of Quality Assurance wing of purchaser. In case of change of source/grade of SM Optical Fibre, the call for fresh evaluation/testing shall be decided by Quality Assurance wing of purchaser.	This shall be checked as per the requirement of the clause.
5.2.5	The material used in metal-free optical fibre cable must not release hydrogen to affect the characteristics of optical fibres. Note: Test certificate from a recognized laboratory or institute may be acceptable	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment. Certificate / Undertaking may be obtained.
5.3	Cable Material Compatibility: Optical fibre, buffers/core tubes, and other core components shall meet the requirements of the compatibility with buffer/core tube filling material(s) and/or water-blocking materials that are in direct contact with identified components within the cable structure (This shall be tested as per clause no. 6.3.3 of Telcordia document GR-20-CORE issue 4, July 2013). Note: The tests may be conducted in house (if facility exist) or may be conducted at CACT or any other recognized laboratory. The test certificate may be accepted and the tests may not be repeated subsequently, in next type approvals, if the raw material used is of same make and grade.	Check as per the requirement of the clause & comment. Certificate / Undertaking may be obtained.
6.0	Safety Requirement:	The details may be obtained & checked.

	<p>The material used in the manufacturing of the optical fibre cables shall be non-toxic and dermatologically safe in its life time and shall not be hazardous to health. The manufacturer shall submit MSDS (Material safety Data Sheet) for all the material used in manufacturing of OF Cable to substantiate the statement.</p>	<p>Certificate / Undertaking may be obtained.</p>
6.1	<p>Flame spread – Single cable (Duplex):</p> <p>Objective: To test the resistance to vertical flame propagation for a single vertical optical fibre cable, under fire conditions.</p> <p>Method: IEC/EN 60332-1-2.</p> <p>Requirement: charring should not extend greater than 540 mm from the lower edge of the top support.</p>	
6.2	<p>Flame spread – Bunched cable:</p> <p>Objective: To test the resistance to vertical flame spread of vertically mounted bunched optical fibre cable, under defined conditions.</p> <p>Method: IEC/EN 60332-3-24, Cat C</p> <p>Requirement: The cable shall pass the test if the distance between the lower edge of the top support and the onset of charring is greater than 50mm and charring shall not extend downwards to a point greater than 540mm from the lower edge of the top support.</p>	

Note: Latest issue of all the Standards mentioned in this chapter, may be referred.

CHAPTER – 2

Clause No.	Clause	Type of Test / Test No. etc. *
7.0	Documentation:	
7.1	Complete technical literature in English with detailed cable construction diagram of various sub-components with dimensions, weight & test data and other details of the cable shall be provided. The pictorial diagrams of the accessories (with model no. and manufacturer name) supplied along with the cable as package shall be also be submitted .	Details submitted by the manufacturer shall be checked & as per the requirement of the clause.
7.2	All aspects of cable installation, operation and maintenance and fibre splicing shall also be covered in the handbook. A hard as well as soft copy of the manuals shall be provided.	Details submitted by the manufacturer shall be checked & as per the requirement of the clause.
8.0	Information for the Procurer of product:	
8.1	Purchaser may ask for Flexible cable (Type-A or Type-B) for Indoor applications as per their requirements. Type-A is Duplex Flexible cable whereas Type-B is Flexible cable with 4, 6, 8 & 12 nos. of fibres. The tight buffered fibres are used in both of these cables which provides ease of termination. These cable are suitable for interconnecting / drop/ distribution cabling purpose within the high rise building including intra-building back bone connecting individual flats on a floor.	

8.2	It is suggested that the Optical fibre cable supplied in a particular route may be manufactured from a single source of optical fibres.	
9.0	<p>Procedures for the issue of Approval certificate for Lower Fibre Count Cables</p> <p>The manufacturer may seek approval certificate for Lower Fibre Count Cables against this GR without conducting the actual tests on the cables only when he is having valid approval certificate for higher fibre count of cable against this GR.</p> <p>The manufacturer seeking approval certificate for the Lower Fibre Count cable shall apply afresh and submit the documents as per the prescribed approval procedure along with</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • List of Raw Materials used, the make and grade of the raw material and the certificate of source approval issued by CACT or any other recognized laboratory along with the details of the • raw materials used in the manufacturing of the higher fibre count cable for which he is holding valid approval certificate. Both the raw materials shall be compared and are required to be of same make and grade. • Samples of at least 5 cable reels (2 Kms each approx.) for each lower fibre count cable. 	

	<p>Any additional information as required may be sought from the manufacturer and the manufactured cable may be inspected at the manufacturer's premises. After all the above requirements are met, the approval certificate may be issued to the lower fibre count of the cable based upon the test results and other details submitted by the manufacturer. The tariff in each case shall be as applicable for category – II.</p> <p>The following shall be mentioned in the remarks column of the Approval Certificate to be issued for the lower fibre count of the cable:</p> <p>“This certificate is issued on the basis of certificate No. _____ dated _____ for _____ fibre count cable”.</p> <p>The validity of the certificate for lower fibre count cables shall be coterminous to the validity of approval certificate of higher fibre count cable.</p> <p>The above procedure shall be applicable only for the approval of Flexible Optical Fibre Cable against this Standard for GR and subsequent amendments, if any.</p>	
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I. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

GR/IR No. _____

TSTP No. _____

Equipment name & Model No. _____

<i>Clause No.</i>	<i>Compliance</i> <i>(Complied /Not Complied / Submitted/Not Submitted /</i> <i>Not Applicable)</i>	<i>Remarks /</i> <i>Test Report Annexure No.</i>

[Add as per requirement]

Date:

Place:

Signature & Name of TEC testing Officer /

*** Signature of Applicant / Authorized Signatory**

** Section J as given above is also to be submitted by the Applicant/ Authorised signatory as part of in-house test results along with Form-A. The Authorised signatory shall be the same as the one for Form 'A'.*

ANNEXURE –A

The following parameters of the component parts of the cable are to be taken into account while designing and manufacturing the Flexible optical fibre cables of the required fibre count. These parameters shall be checked during evaluation of the OF cables.

Table A1: Cable design parameters for Flexible Cable (Type-B)

*SN	Parameter	Unit	4F	6F	8F	12F
1	Tight Buffer Diameter	µm	900 \pm 5%	900 \pm 5%	900 \pm 5%	900 \pm 5%
2	No. of TBF	No	4	6	8	12
3	Aramid Yarns	Kg/Km	2.4	2.4	2.4	3.5
4	Cable Diameter	mm	5.0 \pm 0.4	5.4 \pm 0.5	5.8 \pm 0.5	6.2 \pm 0.5
5	Nominal cable weight	Kg/Km	20 – 26	23 –30	26 – 34	30 – 38